TUMARIA RESERVOIR

Report

Uttarakhand State spreads over an area of about 5.566 Mha. It is bounded by Himalayan range in north. The population of state is over 8 million. It has hilly Bhavar and Tarai area with favorite farming climate. Due to uncertainty of rainfall pattern both in time and place this



faced has and fought state many draughts. To overcome this situation the state Govt. has given priority to irrigation sector. For this purpose one of the two dams situated in Uttarakhand and owned by the Irrigation department of state, Tumaria and Tumaria extension dam near Kashipur in Distt.- U.S.Nagar, Uttarakhand were constructed. In the first phase, construction of

Tumaria dam was commenced in 1956-57 by a revised project cost of Rs. 210.69 lacs and finally completed 10.400 km long in the year 1961-62 by total expenditure incurred Rs. 226.96 lacs. Simultaneously 216.31 km long canal system and Dhela Barrage with Dhela Feeder (5.400Km long) were constructed. Dhela barrage at Dhela river having 09 nos of other bays and 04 nos of under sluice are designed for a discharge of 1048 cumec. This reservoir is fed by Dhela feeder with diversion of Dhela river in to this feeder. Later stage for the purpose of extension, other dam was started as

Tumaria extension dam in 1960-61 by a revised project cost of Rs. 254.15 lacs and completed 10.00 Km long in the year 1969-70 by expenditure of total Rs. 225.29 lacs. Also 230.80 Km long canal system for irrigation and 4.100 km long Phika Feeder were constructed to feed this reservoir by diversion of Phika river at Phika Barrage having 07 nos. of other bays and 03 nos. under sluice that are designed for a discharge of 524cumecs . Total catchment area of Tumaria and Tumaria Ext. reservoir is 399.36 sq. km. and total reservoir capacity of both dam at full reservoir level is 151.143 Mm³.

As run off factor for both the project estimate of reservoir is taken as 0.46Mm³/sq Km. but as per actual measurement / survey for the year 1967 to 1975 on the basis of 75% availability it came as 0.23 Mm³ per sq Km. Thus to fill the reservoir up to its full capacity, need of water from Kosi river is felt. For this purpose state government sanctioned a project estimate of Rs.286.29lacs in 1968 but due to escalation of rate revised project of Rs.2774.00lacs (year 1981) was sanctioned for the construction of 9.800 km long Kosi feeder to feed Tumaria Reservoir through Sawaldeh and Dhela river .After completion of Kosi project the provision has been made to feed Tumaria reservoir 75% from Kosi (depends on the availability of water in the river) and 25% from Dhela and Phika river. As per provision made sufficient water is not available from Kosi Feeder and due to lack in surface runoff water Tumaria reservoir is not fed up to FRL, present capacity of Dhela and Phika Feeder is 5000 cusec and 710 cusec respectively. There is need to increase the capacities of both the feeder up to 7000cusec and 2300 cusec respectively so that the reservoir will be easily filled up to its full reservoir level. Other reasons for not filling the reservoir up to its full capacity are major distress in dam foundation as well as in dam body. For remedial measures of distress in dam a committee of three members was formed in 1975 by chief engineer and later advised to strengthen dam as per recommendations made by central design directorate, Lucknow.

When the reservoir filled up to 259.61 m in 1969-70, up to 260.76 m in 1983-84 and up to 259.75m in 1985-86 major distress are observed as mentioned below-

(i) Heavy sweating on the downstream slope of dam between km. 13.20 to Km.14.00.



VIEW OF SEEPAGE DRAIN (MUDDY WATER COMES OUT)

- (ii) Boiling in seepage drains between Km. 13.00 to Km. 13.90.
- (iii) Heavy sweating on berms between Km.13.200 to Km. 13.600.
- (iv) Quick sand condition in out fall drains between km.10.400 to Km 16.00.

- (v) Coming out of dirty water from downstream slopes between Km. 8.00 to Km.9.500 and Km.10.500 to Km 17.500.
- (vi) Large cracks are seen on the top road of dam and on the downstream slopes of the dam.
- (vii) Heavy sogginess in different reaches of the dam between Km.7.300 to Km. 17.500.

To overcome the above mentioned major distress, superintending engineer IWC Moradabad referred the matter to CDD Lucknow. Authorities from CDD Lucknow inspected the dam and remedial measures were given in 1984. Above recommendations were again studied by Irrigation Research Institute Roorkee (IRI) focused on three points:

- Inspection of actual phreatic line by establishment of Casagrande piezometer.
- Transverse anisotropy of undisturbed sample from dam surface.
- Assuming dam section isotropic and anisotropic, mark the phreatic line considering as present filter is choked,

After studies of above mentioned distress again three alternatives were advised:-

- Construction of new rock toe...
- Provision of filter zone at d/s slope
- Provision of toe drains and counter berms.

This matter again referred to CDD Lucknow and finally suggested that old rock toe will be treated as dam body and new rock toe and toe drains can be proposed. Thus studying and taking all the

discussed points above and major distress of this dam, important remedial measures are adopted in this project estimate, Some of them are:

- To activate proper drainage system by construction of cross, long and out fall drains
- Loading of sand to maintain the berms .
- Proper Installation of pressure relief wells.
- Maintaining earthen section of dam.
- Repairing of old damaged riprap pitching.
- Increasing capacities of Dhela and Phika feeder, Maintaining of gates of both barrages and head regulators.
- Maintenance of approach road, service road and top road of dam.



A VIEW OF TUMARIA DAM

SALIENT FEATURES

S.No	. <u>Particulars</u>	<u>Tumaria Dam</u>	Tumaria Ext. Dam
1.	Location of dam	Tehsil Kashipur/	Tehsil Jaspur U.S.
		Ramnagar U.S. Nagar	Nagar
2.	Year of commence-	1956-57	1960-61
	-ment of construction		
3.	Year of completion	1961-62	1969-70
4.	Length of dam	10.400Km	10.000Km
5.	Maximum height of	023.32m	15.29m
	Dam	(at Km. 9.800)	(at Km.11.600)
6.	RL of top of dam	263.35m	263.35m
7.	Top width of dam	6.100m	6.100m
8.	Latitude &Longitude	29 ⁰ 20'44" North &	78 ⁰ 55 ['] 52 ['] 'East
9.	F.R.L.	261.21m	261.21m
10.	H.F.L.	261.98m	261.98m
11.	Dead storage level	246.28m	249.94m
12.	Name of river	Dhela	Phika
13.	Catchment area	268.8 Sq.m	130.56 Sq.m
14.	Catchment area	Hilly	Hilly
	Characteristics		

15.	Rainfall based on last 20 y	years data:
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a)	Normal annual rainfall		1267mm		1080mm
b)	Minimum annual rainfall		789 mm(1993)		647mm (1979)
c)	Maximum annual rainfall		2111mm(1978))	1951mm(1978)
d)	Last year's annual rain	fall	934 mm		761mm
e)	Normal monsoon rainfa	all	1053mm		899mm
f)	Minimum monsoon raii	nfall	610mm(1979)		485mm(1979)
g)	Maximum monsoon rai	nfall	1971mm(1978)		1720mm(1978)
h)	Last year's monsoon ra	ainfall	851 mm		650 mm
17.	a) Dead Storage capacity	y	2.21Mm ³		0.57Mm ³
	b)Gross Storage capacity	y	81.22Mm ³		69.92Mm ³
	c)Live Storage capacity		79.01Mm ³		69.35Mm ³
	d)Capacity at HFL		91.05Mm ³		80.82 Mm ³
18.	Submerged area		2104 ha.		609ha.
19.	Silting				
á	a) As per project	0.18	Mm³ per	0.11M	lm ³ Per
		ye	ar	year	
ŀ	o) As par actual	0.14	Mm ³ per	0.05 l	Mm³ per
	Capacity survey	yea	ar	year	
	done during 06/80				
c)	Evaporation (as	11.8	9 Mm ³	14.4	4Mm³
	Per project)				

20.	<u>Irrigation</u>				
a)	C.C.A.	58680) ha	1416	4 ha
b)	Proposed Rabi	20538	3 ha	4957	' ha
c)	Proposed Kharif	22299) ha	518	2 ha
d)	Proposed Sugarcane	5868 I	ha	141	6 ha
21.	factors adopted for				
	water requirement				
b)	Rabi kharif Sugarcane		242.34ha/ Mm ³ 213.81ha/Mm ³ 128.21ha/Mm ³		242.34ha/Mm³ 213.81ha/Mm³ 128.21ha/Mm³
22.	Length of Dhela Feed	ler	_		5.40Kms.
23.	Sill level of Dhela Feed	der	_		260.45 m.
24.	Length of Phika Feede	er	_		4.100 Km
25.	Sill level of Phika Feed	der	_		259.38 m
26.	<u>Barrage</u>	<u>Dhela</u>	Barrage		Phika Barrage
a)	Flood discharge	1359	cumecs		1048 cumecs
b)	Designed discharge	1048	cumecs		524 cumecs
c)	Ever Maximum	2294	cumecs		1854 cumecs
	discharge observed				
d)	Water ways	13 no	os x 9.14m		10 nos x 9.14m
e)	No. & width of piers	12 no	s x 1.83m each		9 nos x 1.83m
					each
f)	No & size of under-	4 nos	s(9.14m x 3.81m))	3 nos(9.14m x
	-sluices gates				4.47m)

g)	No.& size of other	9 nos(9.14m x 3.20m)	7 nos(9.14m x
	ways gates		3.81m)
h)	Sill level of under-	258.93m	257.86m
	- sluices		
i)	Sill level of other	258.93m	258.47m
	ways		
j)	River slope (U/S)	4.27m/km	1.81m/km
27.	Description of escape		
a)	Name of escape	Tumaria escape	
b)	Location	at 7.500Km of Tumaria dam	
c)	No. & size of gates	3 nos (3.20m x 3.30m)	
d)	R.L. of top of gates	256.85m	
e)	Capacity of F.R.L.	283.17 cumec	
f)	sill level of escape	279.87m	

28.	Canal sluice	<u>Location</u>	Sill Level	<u>Discharge</u>	
				Before Kosi	After Kosi
				<u>Project</u>	<u>Project</u>
	Tumaria	at 10.20Km	246.28m	13.31cumecs	20.53
	main canal				cumecs
	Tumaria Ext	at 15.25Km	249.94m	2.61cumecs	5.66
	main canal				cumec

T.B. feeder at 7.20km 250.60m - 21.24

cumec

Tumaria at 7.50km 253.82m - 283.13

Escape cumec





VIEW OF DHELA BARRAGE AND PHIKA BARRAGE

Year wise details of maximum gauge and maximum storage Capacity of Tumaria reservoir.

Year	Date of	Maximum	Capacity
	maximum Gauge	Gauge	
1966-67	16.09.1966	257.19 m	78.89 Mm ³
1967-68	16.09.1967	257.86 m	90.95 Mm ³
1968-69	01.01.1968	256.49 m	65.38 Mm ³
1969-70	28.09.1969	259.61 m	128.39 Mm ³
1970-71	25.09.1970	258.84 m	110.92 Mm ³
1971-72	04.11.1971	259.34 m	121.96 Mm ³

1972-73	01.01.1972	258.96 m	110.35 Mm ³
1973-74	12.08.1973	259.96 m	137.39 Mm ³
1974-75	01.01.1974	257.22 m	79.37 Mm ³
1975-76	05.10.1975	256.76 m	71.39 Mm ³
1976-77	11.09.1976	257.80 m	88.72 Mm ³
1977-78	03.10.1977	257.40 m	81.38 Mm ³
1978-79	03.09.1978	258.84 m	110.21 Mm ³
1979-80	18.08.1979	253.53 m	29.68 Mm ³
1980-81	15.09.1980	257.37 m	70.11 Mm ³
1981-82	04.08.1981	253.47 m	23.98 Mm ³
1982-83	12.09.1982	258.47 m	89.57 Mm ³
1983-84	23.09.1983	260.76 m	151.05 Mm ³
1984-85	19.09.1984	258.01 m	80.11 Mm ³
1985-86	15.10.1985	259.75 m	115.73 Mm ³
1986-87	07.01.1986	256.79 m	60.40 Mm ³
1987-88	09.09.1987	255.21 m	39.81 Mm ³
1988-89	03.10.1988	258.59 m	91.07 Mm ³
1989-90	22.09.1989	258.35 m	80.34 Mm ³
1990-91	26.08.1990	259.02 m	109.67 Mm ³
1991-92	23.09.1991	255.06 m	41.17 Mm ³
1992-93	15.09.1992	256.89 m	68.54 Mm ³
1993-94	20.11.1993	258.47 m	99.63 Mm ³
1994-95	05.09.1994	258.348 m	97.230 Mm ³
1995-96	17.09.1995	258.99 m	110.077 Mm ³
1996-97	25.09.1996	257.556 m	82.069 Mm ³
1997-98	14.01.1998	257.251 m	76.078 Mm ³
1998-99	19.10.1998	258.775 m	105.335 Mm ³
1999-00	25.09.1999	258.379 m	97.831 Mm ³
2000-01	11.10.2000	258.470 m	99.633 Mm3
2001-02	24.08.2001	257.19 m	75.023 Mm ³
2002-03	22.09.2002	254.508 m	36.762 Mm ³
2003-04	05.11.2003	259.019 m	110.621 Mm ³
2004-05	10.11.2004	258.836 m	106.690 Mm ³
2005-06	10.11.2005	259.080 m	111.530 Mm ³
2006-07	11.09.2006	256.306 m	58.165 Mm ³
2007-08	15.11.2007	258.928 m	108.722 Mm ³
2008-09	04.11.2008	259.080 m	111.530 Mm ³
2009-10	04.12.2009	258.562 m	111.345 Mm ³

Year wise details of maximum discharge in Dhela and Phika River

S.No.	Year	Date	Dhela River (cusec)	Phika River (cusec)
1.	1982-83	12.07.1982	22547	
2.	1983-84	23.09.1983	80999	
3.	1984-85	27.04.1984	61226	
4.	1985-86	13.10.1985	33202	
5.	1986-87	-	-	
6.	1987-88	-	-	
7.	1988-89	-	-	
8.	1989-90	01.09.1989	40292	
9.	1990-91	09.07.1990	79877	
10.	1991-92	-	-	
11.	1992-93	-	-	
12.	1993-94	-	-	
13.	1994-95	07.08.1994	31589	
14.	1995-96	14.08.1995	46283	
15.	1996-97	31.07.1996	7837	
16.	1997-98	17.09.1997	2405	
17.	1998-99	18.10.1998	25782	
18.	1999-00	20.09.1999	38065	7080
19.	2000-01	30.08.2000	25603	6285
20.	2001-02	17.07.2001	38348	6036
21.	2002-03	11.08.2002	5401	6106
22.	2003-04	14.08.2003	16898	7449
23.	2004-05	23.09.2004	52245	9885
24.	2005-06	25.09.2005	35975	7159
25.	2006-07	26.08.2006	45783	6108
26.	2007-08	13.08.2007	29090	9942
27.	2008-09	08.07.2008	10108	6981
28.	2009-10	09.09.2009	43316	7870
29.	2010-11	18.09.2010	41000	21000

A VIEW OF DHELA FEEDER

